R U T I F I C A T I O N

Imphal, the 4th November, 1957.

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub section (2) of Section 239 of the Assam Municipal Act, 1923 (Assam Act I of 1923) as in force in the Territory of Manipur, the Chief Commissioner is pleased to confirm the following bye-laws framed by the Imphal Municipal Board under Section 297 of the said Act.

Bye-laws regulating the disposal of Corpses and Carcasses.
(Under Section 297 of the Assam Municipal Act, 1923).

1. Short title - These bye-laws may be called the Corpses and Carcasses Bye-laws.

2. Penalties - The penalty for the infringement of any of these bye-laws shall be a fine not exceeding the sum stated at the foot of the bye-law.

CORPSES

3. Every person within whose premises any animal may die shall within six hours after its death, or if the death occurs at night then within six hours after sunrise, either remove at his own expenses the carcass to the Meat Market popularly known as Naga Bazar or such other place as may be set apart by the Board for the reception of such carcass, or report its death to the Municipal Inspector concerned: and in such latter case shall pay to the said officer the expense of removing the carcass at the rate of Rs. 5/- only per carcass or at such other as the Board may determine and in cases where the said person is not the owner of the animal and the owner is unknown, the owner shall be responsible for the payment of such expenses; and such expense shall, be recoverable as a debt due to the Board. No municipal Inspector, when called upon, shall neglect to remove a carcass.

Fine, Rs. 10/-

4. No person shall deposit or cause to be deposited any carcass or any part of a carcass in any place other than such places as may from time to time be appointed by the Board for the reception of such carcass.

Fine, Rs. 10/-

5. No person shall carry a corpse of part of a corpse along any road, unless it be decently covered and not likely concealed from view.

Fine, Rs. 10/-

6. No person while carrying a corpse of part of a corpse shall, except for the purpose of ordinary relief or for a religious purpose, deposit it on or near any road.

Fine, Rs. 20/-

7. Every corpse, or part of a corpse that has been kept or used for purposes of dissection, must be removed in a closed vehicle.

Fine, Rs. 20/-

8. No person shall, without the general or special permission of the Board, dispose of any corpse otherwise than by burying, or burning it in a place set apart for the purpose by the Board.

Fine, Rs. 30/-

9. Any person who conveys, or causes to be conveyed, any corpse to any burial and burial ground or burning ghat shall bury or burn the same or corpse it to be buried or burnt within six hours after its arrival at such ground or ghat.

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Fine, Rs. 50/-

Under the Prevention and Regulation of Hotels, Restaurants, Sweet-Shops
and other houses where food is prepared and sold.

(Under Section 297 of the Assam Municipal Act, 1925).

1. Short title—These bye-laws may be called the Food and Eating Houses Bye-laws.

2. Definitions:—In these bye-laws (a) "Restaurant" means any premises in which
any article of food or drink is sold or kept for sale for consumption upon
such premises, and includes any premises included in a lodging house and used
for the consumption of food or drink.

(b) "Kitchen" means any place in which food or drink is prepared for
consumption in a restaurant.

(c) "Eating room" means any premises forming part of a restaurant in which
food or drink is consumed.

3. Penalties—A breach of any of these bye-laws shall be punishable with fine
which may extend to Rs. 50/- and in the event of a continuing breach, with a
further fine which may extend to Rs. 5/- for everyday after the date of the first
breach during which the breach continues.

4. Conditions of Licence:—It shall not be lawful for any person to use or
occupy as a restaurant any house, room premises or place, unless such house,
room or premises is first licensed by the Board, and such licence shall
not be granted, and if granted shall be revocable unless the following condi-
tions are complied with.

(i) Environment:—(i) Every restaurant shall always be kept and maintained
in a clean and sanitary condition free from offensive and noxious gases,
and shall be free from any privy or other nuisance or cause whatever,
and be lighted and ventilated to the satisfaction of the Board.

(ii) No water closet, privy, ashpit or any drain or sewer for carrying of
offensive or noxious matter shall be within or communicating directly with
any restaurant, nor near enough to cause nuisance to the restaurant.

(iii) Any drain supplying water to any restaurant shall be separate and at
such distance from any privy or water closet as the Board shall direct.

(iv) No animal of any kind shall be kept in any restaurant or within its
premises, and no premises shall be licensed as a restaurant if there is
a cow-house or stable within 100 feet of them.

(ii) Building:—(i) The floor of the building must be of smooth and non-slippery
materials and properly inclined towards the drains.

(ii) The walls and the ceiling shall be lime-washed at every six months
and the floor washed daily.

(iii) The keeper or any restaurant shall not allow any rubbish or other dirt
or refuse to hang from the roof, ceiling or walls of the eating room.

(iv) No lamp or other light shall be used in any eating room which is likely
to cause smoke or to condense by reason of its construction or condition to cause smoke or smoke.

(v) No eating room shall be used for residential purposes.

(iii) FURNITURES and fixtures:—(i) Every restaurant shall be provided with
such plates, glasses and other utensils used in the eating room shall
be kept perfectly clean to the satisfaction of the Board and shall
be washed with such a soap as is suitable for the manufacture or preparation of the food or drink kept therein from contamination by dust,
insect or other injurious things.

(iv) No person shall keep in any restaurant any hook or hoop, clothing or cloth or any articles or utensils not pertaining to or required for
the manufacture or preparation of the food or drink kept in such restaurant.

(v) No person shall keep in any restaurant any hook or hoop, clothing or cloth or any articles or utensils not pertaining to or required for
the manufacture or preparation of the food or drink kept in such restaurant.
(4) Food and drink:—(i) All food and drink kept for sale in an eating house shall be of good quality. No one keeping or using any restaurant shall use any adulterated or unwholesome food substance in the preparation or manufacture carried on in the restaurant.
(ii) No articles of food or drink shall be prepared for consumption without protection with flag or flirt. No vessels shall be used for keeping condiments, pickles or other articles containing acids or vegetable matter unless it is constructed of stone, china or glass or is at enamelled, tinned or electroplated vessel.
(iii) Water kept for use in the eating house shall be obtained from a pure source approved by the Board, and shall be stored in clean vessels with suitable covers.
(iv) No refuse or waste water shall be thrown on near any place where food is kept or where any person is served wash food on to any drain adjacent thereto.
(v) No keepers shall keep or store, sell any intoxicating articles in the restaurant other than the food or drink approved by the person authorised by the Board.
(5) Persons and habits:—(i) No person shall spit on the floor or wall in the eating room.
(ii) No person shall be employed in any room who is not cleanly clad or who was suffering from any infectious, contagious or loathsome disease or who has recently been attending upon any person, so suffering nor shall any person be permitted to visit any eating house who is known to be suffering from any infectious, contagious or loathsome disease.
(iii) Except in these rules otherwise provided no person other than those employed in manufacturing, cooking, or preparing the articles food cooked or prepared in restaurant shall be allowed to enter therein. 
(6) Control:—(i) Every eating house shall be opened during business hours to the inspection by an officer authorised by the Board and the keeper thereof shall be bound to comply with all reasonable directions and instruction issued by such officer consistent with the purposes of these bye-laws.
(ii) The Keeper of any restaurant shall affix a copy of these bye-laws in a conspicuous part of the premises and shall be responsible for ensuring that the bye-laws are observed by the public. Infringement shall be reported to the Board.
(iii) The Board may, with a view to prevention the spread of any infectious or contagious disease, direct that any eating house shall close for a specified time and may forbid the keeper thereof to admit any person thereto.
(7) Miscellaneous provisions:—(i) The above bye-laws shall apply mutatis mutandis to the sweet-shops within the Municipality.
(ii) No hawker selling are prepared articles of food or drink nor any hawkers with moving vans for selling or prepared articles of food or street trade goods shall hawk or move vans without licence from the Board at a fee of Rs. 10/- annually.
(iii) The above bye-laws shall apply mutatis mutandis to the business of the hawker with or without vans.
(iv) No person shall prepare sweetmeats on the verandah or other place for sale.